

УДК 349.6+502.211:582
DOI: 10.31733/15-03-2024/2/446-447
6

Olga MOSYAKINA

senior analyst of the Department
of Information Analysis and Risk
Management of the Territorial
Department of the State Security Service
in the Volyn region

Roman KARPENKO

associate Professor at the department
of civil law disciplines of Dnipropetrovsk
State University of Internal Affairs,
candidate of legal sciences, docent

**THE PLANT WORLD AS AN OBJECT
OF LEGAL PROTECTION AND USE**

Vegetation is one of the most important components of the natural world, providing vital resources for Earth's ecosystems and helping to maintain ecological balance. However, in the modern world, large-scale industrialization and human activity have seriously affected vegetation, threatening it with deforestation and pollution [1, c. 270].

Legal protection is a key element in the conservation and efficient use of plants. Regulatory acts aimed at protecting flora provide the necessary basis for regulating the use of natural resources and preventing their illegal destruction [4, c. 117].

Legal protection of flora is based on the principles of sustainable use of resources, preservation of biodiversity and environmental safety. It also defines responsibility in case of non-compliance with environmental regulations and measures that must be taken to restore natural ecosystems [2, c. 215].

In addition to protection, an important aspect is the effective use of plants to meet human needs. Agriculture, forestry and other sectors must take into account the principles of sustainable development in order to avoid exploitation to the detriment of nature.

The topic I have chosen is important for several reasons. First, plants are an important part of the ecosystem and climate and determine the health of the planet and all its inhabitants. Ensuring legal protection of plants is important for preserving biodiversity and preventing the negative impact of human activities.

Second, this issue is important in the context of environmental issues such as climate change and biodiversity loss, which require a systemic approach to regulation and protection [1, c. 276]. Thirdly, the debate on legal protection and use of flora reflects an important aspect of environmental responsibility and sustainable use of natural resources [1, c. 274]. Thus, the topic reflects the importance of flora conservation for sustainable development and current issues. The study of the role and significance of vegetation in the context of legal conservation and effective use is the subject of interest of many outstanding scientists who have made significant efforts to deepen knowledge in this field [3, c. 7].

Summing up, we can assume that flora faces an important task of ensuring its legal protection and rational use. Preservation and rational use of biodiversity are key elements of maintaining ecological balance and achieving sustainable development. Awareness of the importance of this issue in the context of modern environmental problems necessitates the joint work of scientists, legislators and the public on the creation of effective mechanisms for legal protection and use of flora. Only through the interaction of national and international initiatives can this important natural component be properly protected for future generations

-
1. Environmental law of Ukraine: Study guide. Kyiv : Center of educational literature, 2009. 438 p.
 2. Environmental law of Ukraine / edited by: A. Hetman, M. Shulga. Kharkiv : Pravo, 2009. 328 p.
 3. Environmental law: legislation of Ukraine in the field of plant protection: coll. legal norms acts/ agreement A. Yaroshenko. Bila K. O., 2019. 386 p.
 4. Hyrenko I. V. The plant world as an object of legal protection of the natural environment. Law forum. 2012.