

Круподеря М. В.

здобувач вищої освіти II курсу

Науковий керівник – Олійник О. С.

старший викладач

*Дніпропетровський державний
університет внутрішніх справ*

INCREASING THE CONFIDENCE OF POPULATION DIVISION TO THE REGIONAL OFFICER

Many police officers ask themselves questions about how to increase public confidence in police officers? Trust arises through understanding, and understanding can be achieved through language processes, ie communication. In general, citizens' trust in the police is defined as a favorable, ie positive, evaluation of the response of the population to the police, which is expressed in thoughts, feelings and purposeful behavior. Increasing citizens' trust in the police force is the most important component of police activity in our country, which motivates them to do honest and fruitful work. In recent years, the attitude of citizens to the National Police has changed from a high-expectations regime to a demonstration of mistrust. However, citizens today trust police much more than other state institutions. The problems of determining the level of public confidence and the study of public opinion on the activities of the police were investigated in their works by G.V. Andreeva, A.A. Bova, I.D. Kazanchuk, D.P. Kalayanov, K.S. Kolesnik, O.V. Klimovskaya, V.I. Moskovets, A.S. Pronevich, Yu.O. Svyazhentsev and others.

However, it is difficult to find the real level of confidence of the people in the National Police. At least because the data of studies of different sociological centers are strikingly different. According to Interior Minister Arsene Avakov, a survey by TNS, a sociological company, increased confidence in the National Police from 38.9% to 43.5%.

As of November 1, 2016, 34.1% of Ukrainians mostly trusted the National Police. As of October 2018, the confidence in the National Police is 39.9%. Thus, it can be concluded that the level of public trust in the National Police of Ukraine is increasing. In particular, the citizens of Ternopil, Lviv, Volyn, Donetsk and Rivne regions appreciated the best work of police officers. At the same time, citizens found police work in Kyiv, Kherson, Zhytomyr and Dnipropetrovsk oblasts as well as in the city of Kyiv ineffective. At the same time, roughness was faced by 6 percent, and indifference - 24 percent. At the same time, the respondents said that the crimes they are aware of are road accidents and street crimes, "said Denis Kobzin. For the most part, he is the first person to respond promptly and effectively to the petitions and statements of individual citizens, liaise with them and provide information on the progress of their cases. In addition, they provide an adequate level of tolerance to vulnerable populations, who need additional protection of their rights by the police (for example, ethnic minorities, migrants, asylum seekers, etc.). However, it is possible to preserve the level of

trust of the police station population in the case of the police officers, if the latter promptly and at the same time carefully analyze the miscalculations and start correction, immediately correct the previously made mistakes.

It should be noted that for the sake of citizens it is important to feel safe both in the settlement as a whole and to compare it at different locations: near and outside the place of residence with the identification of the most dangerous areas in the perception of residents. A characteristic feature of this relationship is the dynamics of the level of security in the settlement (that is, in their opinion, has become safer).

The quality of the officer's communication with the citizens plays a significant role, as their behavior greatly influences how citizens perceive the police as a whole. . Therefore, in order to preserve the public's trust in the district officer, it is necessary to treat the citizens with care, do not violate their rights and freedoms. Assist the population in solving certain issues or problems. .

In addition, the cooperation and interaction of the police with local authorities, civil society organizations and other organizations and citizens will successfully prevent, reduce and reduce crimes. And this will increase the sense of security and security of citizens.

In order to increase public confidence in the police, it is necessary to cooperate with the public on a partnership basis.

Collaborative partnership effectiveness: Police officers and the public generally find that hiring more police officers is crucial to reducing crime. At the same time, many studies do not support the view that the involvement of additional police forces has the effect of preventing or reducing crime. Moreover, evidence suggests that crime rates in US cities had little to do with the recruitment of additional police officers. Supporters of community policing emphasize that positive results come when there are fundamental changes in the governance, structure and culture of police organizations. A study of the impact of foot patrols found no effect on crime rates. However, two studies in Oakland and Birmingham found that communities where police use door-to-door contact with citizens saw a marked decrease in the number of reported violent crimes.

The research also shows that "those who believe that police and community interaction are practiced in their area are more likely to give commendable police assessments." Police and community engagement helps create and empower communities. This approach also connects the police and the community. A partnership that develops over time can ultimately help police find the causes of crime in the area. By engaging the community, police receive more resources to combat crime. By getting to know members of the community, officers are more likely to receive valuable information about criminals and their activities. In addition, they may be more likely to receive information about community members' needs and expectations from the police.

All of the above criteria characterize the quality of the work, which is directly related and has the effect of increasing confidence. If the criteria outlined above are constantly applied by a district officer, then the level of public trust in the community will, in turn, facilitate the transition to normal form and form

partnerships between them. That is why it is advisable to further study the ways and conditions of forming a high level of trust in a police officer in our country and, on the basis of the results obtained, to determine ways to increase the level of trust in the police in Ukraine.

Literature

1. The Constitution of Ukraine: Law of Ukraine No. 254k / 96-BP of June 28, 1996 [Electronic resource]. - Access mode: <http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua>.
2. Pronevich OS Population trust as a criterion for evaluating the effectiveness of law enforcement agencies / O.C. Pronevich // Law Forum. - 2015. - № 4. - P. 225-231.
3. Over the year, police have increased confidence. [Electronic resource]. - Access mode: <http://novynarnia.com/2016/05/25/sotsopituvannya-za-rik-politsiyarizko-narostila-doviru-lideri-nedoviri-prokurat>

Кузнецов В. І.

здобувач вищої освіти II курсу

Науковий керівник – Подворчан А. З.,

старший викладач

*Дніпропетровський державний
університет внутрішніх справ*

КОГНІТИВНО-КОМУНІКАТИВНА МОДЕЛЬ МОВНОЇ КОМПЕТЕНТНОСТІ КУРСАНТІВ ТА СТУДЕНТІВ ВИЩИХ НАВЧАЛЬНИХ ЗАКЛАДІВ

У мовознавстві з метою впорядкування лінгвістичних напрямків було запроваджено лінгвометодологічну науку, спрямовану на з'ясування природи мови, у співвідношенні зі свідомістю мовців, соціуму, культурою, комунікацією, а також на формуванні інструментарію засад, способів аналізу мовлення. Об'єктом лінгвометодології є пояснення мови, мовлення, мовленнєвої діяльності, які ґрунтуються на світоглядній та пізнавальній настановах, способах. Принципах і процедурах їх досліджень, що склалися в межах певних мовознавчих парадигм. Предметом є пізнавальне спрямування й організація досліджень мови. Методологія має загально філософське значення: спосіб пізнання й осмислення об'єктивної дійсності та процесів формування й упорядкування досвіду людини. Методологія в мовознавстві впливає на світоглядну позицію дослідника, розуміння природи мови, установлення стратегії дослідження.

Наукова модель мовної компетенції у сучасному мовознавстві має кілька значень:

- 1) Спосіб пізнання й усвідомлення світу, що визначає загальні принципи дослідження мови;