

ПСИХОЛОГО-ОСВІТНІ ТА ЛІНГВІСТИЧНІ ЗАСОБИ ФОРМУВАННЯ ЗАСАД НАЦІОНАЛЬНОГО СПРОТИВУ

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IMPERIAL ROD OF CRIMINAL MOSCOW – EXECUTIONERS, TORTURE ROOMS, TORTURE

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МОСКВИ – КАТИ, КАТІВНІ, КАТУВАННЯ.** Висвітлено лексико-семантичні особливості слів,
пов'язаних із виконавцями, закладами та способами катування періоду російсько-української війни
2014–2024 рр.

Викриваються злочинні дії як місцевих колаборантів, зрадників, так і окупантів у
розбудові катівень та застосуванні методів катування. З'ясовується плинна тяглість цього прощарку
слів як словотворчого й образного художнього засобу в творчій спадщині українських поетів ХІХ–
ХХІ ст. Такі жорстокі окупаційні методи путінської ідеології, як і столітні утиски російської імперії
щодо українського народу, є геноцидом свободолюбивої нації, яка нині веде жорстоку боротьбу за
незалежність демократичного устрою не тільки України, а й світової цивілізації.

Ключові слова: кат, катівня, катування, колаборанти, зрадники, окуповані рф українські
території, методи катування, словотвірні особливості катівної лексики, геноцид.

*Ми пробачали всім ворогам
Найстрашніше – знущання над нами,
Ми забули про помсту **катам**,
Ми забули про суд над **катами**.
(Олесь Лупій).*

*We forgave all our enemies
The most terrible thing – mockery of us,
We forgot about revenge on the **tortures**,
We forgot about the trial of the **tortures**.
(Oles Lupiy).*

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Problem statement. The realities of the Russian-Ukrainian war exposed many complex moral, ethical and linguistic problems of the present day. If we talk about the linguistic portrait of the era of the aforementioned war period, it is striking that in our time the functional activity of a number of lexemes to denote various types of abuse, as well as concepts associated with them, has increased in the mass media. These nomens were previously used in artistic and journalistic works, and now they represent the crimes of the combat units of the Russian Federation against the Ukrainian people.

The purpose of the article is to analyze the transformation process of this layer of vocabulary in the conditions of martial law, caused by the treacherous invasion of the Russian Federation troops into the territory of sovereign Ukraine.

Presentation of the main material. Among the lexemes of this thematic group, the most frequently used is the lexeme KAT (executioner), which has the following interpretation: 1. One who carries out death sentences, corporal punishment. 2. Figurative: one who kills, tortures; torturer, scoundrel. 3. Swearing: demon, devil.

No less active is the word KATIVNYA (torture room), used in the meaning of 'a place of torture in prison, etc.'; and KATUVANNYA (torture) - transl. to beat very hard, to inflict severe physical torment [1, 327]. This layer of words has become actively functioning since the treacherous invasion of the Russian Federation troops into the territory of sovereign Ukraine in 2014 and the occupation of Crimea, Luhansk, Donetsk, Kherson, Zaporizhzhia regions, eradicating the Ukrainian spirit by terrorist means and instilling the ideas of the "Russian world" under the disgusting slogan of "brotherhood of the Slavs", which Taras Shevchenko warned against: *The executioners are mocking us, while our drunken truth is sleeping* [2, p. 253]. And a whole cohort of his followers called for a poetic fight against the oppressors: *The word, you are my only weapon, We must not both perish! Perhaps, in the hands of unknown brothers You will become a better sword for executioners* [3, p. 259]. *Let us unite with brother, brother, Together, in agreement, not in quarrel. Let the cannons thunder Our executioners - employers, Send the terror of death! And we will stand up for agreement, For brotherhood, for freedom, So that they may come to the worlds!* [4, p. 10]. *And people are having fun like children, The executioners sing hymns of servitude And the generals dream of planting Atomic groves on the whole planet* [5, p. 127] etc. As a manifestation of a national curse, this word sounds like a formidable refrain in the rebel songs of the knights of the Ukrainian Insurgent Army, Organisation of Ukrainian Nationalists: *Tremble, tremble, cursed executioner, one more step and you will be drown in blood. Like a storm of the people, the disaster is coming and is already tearing the iron chains!* [6, p. 10].

The criminal handwriting of Soviet executioners is revealed by Volodymyr Sirenko in the poem "Rehabilitation":

*Посеред ночі вдерлися чекісти
злі, як вовки, і потягли людину
і розстріляли вранці у тюрмі
без суду, як велося, і без слідства.
Пройшли роки. На клаптику паперу
черкнули – «реабілітований помертню»
і відіслали справку в її дім –
чи втішити рідню чи насміятись.
Нема людини. Папірець фальшивий
Її живу ніколи не замінить.
На ньому дата, гербова печатка
І підпис **ката**. Все як слід, по формі.
Що не кажи, чекісти точні люди [7, p. 37].*

*At midnight the Chekists broke in
as evil as wolves, and dragged the person
and shot him in the morning in prison
without a trial, as was customary, and without an investigation.
Years passed. On a piece of paper
they wrote – "rehabilitated posthumously"
and sent the certificate to his home –
whether to console his relatives or to laugh.*

*There is no person. The piece of paper is fake.
His life will never be replaced.
There is a date and an official seal on it
And the executioner's signature. Everything is as it should be,
according to the form.
Whatever you say, the Chekists are precise people [7, p. 37].*

A detailed description of the criminal activities of the occupation authorities has been widely covered in the media, such as: How the system of terror was built in the occupied Kherson region and who was the main shadow executioner. 11/14/2023 Investigators of the Security Service of Ukraine, the National Police and the State Bureau of Investigation managed to reconstruct the general picture of terror in the Kherson region during the Russian occupation. Law enforcement officers recorded more than ten former torture chambers in the deoccupied part of the region. Five of them were directly in Kherson. According to estimates by representatives of the Kherson Regional Prosecutor's Office, about 1,500 Ukrainian citizens were kidnapped during the occupation. And this is a very conservative estimate, since the exact number of prisoners that the occupiers took with them is unknown. Their fate is also unknown. The head of the investigative department of the Main Police Department in the Kherson region, Ihor Dem'yanyuk, is leading the investigation of crimes committed in two "places of deprivation of freedom": in the basement of the Main Police Department and the premises of the TDC (temporary detention center) and states: "The leadership of the SSS is being monitored in all torture chambers. In Kherson, the so-called SSS – "state security service" – was located on Pylyp Orlyk Street. The temporary owners set up a torture chamber in the basement. The newly created structure was headed by the former head of the Security Service of Ukraine during the Yanukovych era, Oleksandr Yakymenko, who personally participated in the torture. After the pro-Ukrainian protests in Kherson, a wave of detentions and searches swept through the city. The primary task of Federal Security Service is to establish the whereabouts of all Ukrainian citizens who could potentially engage in violent or ideological resistance. The next step is to lure these individuals to their side or "neutralize" them. The first torture chamber in the city appeared on March 9, 2022 in the premises of the temporary detention center (TDC). The Russians had to seize the facility with the help of the Russian Guard. Later, the Russian Guards under the command of Oleksandr Naumenko also seized the building of the Main Police Department. Both torture chambers were quickly filled to capacity. TDC became the largest Kherson torture chamber. According to the National Police, about 400 Ukrainian citizens passed through it. The Main Police Department was smaller in size, holding about 60 prisoners. In early April, at least two torture chambers were already operating at full capacity - almost every active Kherson resident had an acquaintance who had been "in the basement" at that time. And by the end of May - early June four large torture chambers were already operating in the city. In the temporary detention center (TDC), in the building of the Main Directorate of the National Police (MDNP), in the premises of the Appeal Court and, of course, in the basement of the newly created State Security Service (SSS). Not only resistance members, former law enforcement officers or leaders of public opinion fell into the black net. Anyone could end up in the torture chamber and become a victim.

This word entered the lexicon of the mayor of Dnipro Borys Filatov as a factor in decommunization and vile hyperbolization of the leader of the country of soviets: "We didn't cross paths, so we lost each other for many years. But there are things that cannot be forgotten. Like this mystical story in 2015, when Sanya and Vova Parasyuk came to my house and found... an aluminum head of Lenin, which in 2014, together with other volunteers, we demolished in Mangush. I don't know how this head came to me and who brought it. In general, I always discourage all donors from such gifts. No, no, I'm not superstitious and I don't have any prejudices, but keeping such artifacts in the house is not entirely right.

The guys laughed for a long time about how the dovish executioner of Ukraine flew off the landing and got lost, and then a year later they dug it up at the mayor's house" [8, p. 4].

The word-forming possibilities of this word have noticeably expanded both in the philosophical interpretation of Vasyl Stus' poetic word:

*Вмирає пізно чоловік,
А родиться дочасно,
тому й на світі жити звик,*

як раб і рабовласник.
Він **като-жертва, жертво-кат**,
страждає і богує,
іде вперед, немов назад,
як душу гнів руйнує,

*A man dies late,
But he's early born,
That's why he's accustomed to live in the world,
Like a slave and a slave owner.
He is **an executioner-victim, a victim-executioner**,
He suffers and worships,
He goes forward, as if backwards,
As anger destroys the soul,*

and in mass media: **Lawyer-executioner** of enemy equipment. A former lawyer destroyed 10 units of Russian armored vehicles in one day. Now Dmitry (call-name: Lawyer) is the chief sergeant of the platoon of the 79th Tavria Airborne Assault Brigade of the Armed Forces of Ukraine, and was once a lawyer and an official of the Cabinet of Ministers (October 10, 2024), as well as in the speeches of spiritual pastors: The Apostle Peter is the most famous among the apostles of Jesus, who later became the first Pope of Rome. He was born in Bethsaida, which is located in Syria. The Apostle Peter converted two wives of Emperor Nero to Christianity, and he was executed by him in 67 in Rome. The apostle told his executioners that he was not worthy to die like Jesus, so he asked to be crucified upside down (Easter speech of the head of the Greek Catholic Church, His Beatitude Sviatoslav / May 5, 2024. Ukrainian Radio) and in the periodical press: The administration initially lied that he (Vasyl Stus – A.P.) was taken to the central hospital, but Romashov, one of the Russian political prisoners who was sitting in the second wing of the prison, said that Vasyl shouted: "Killed, you bastards!" The indomitable poet was indeed killed in a sadistic way by his prison executioners at night on the 4th of September, 1985. On the twentieth day after the death of Vasyl Stus, an event occurred - a general arrived from Moscow, summoned Zhuravkov, the camp chief - and left almost immediately. And suddenly Zhuravkov died. Did Zhuravkov shoot himself? Did they help him? It is unknown. But the executioner of State Security Committee, a rare sadist, survived Vasyl by only twenty days [9, p. 6].

The phrase **Russian executioner**, is often used in news headlines: *Russian executioner was identified who was mocking residents of Kharkiv region* UA.NEWS November 10, 2023 16:32 <https://ua.news/ua/ukraine/identyfikovaly-rosijskogo-kata-yakij-znushhavsya-nad-meshkantsyamy-harkivshhyny>.

A unique place in the modern information space is occupied by such lexical unit as **kativnya (torture room)**: In occupied Berdyansk, the organizer of **kativnya** was eliminated. On May 5, 2024, a Ford Kuga car exploded in temporarily occupied Berdyansk, Zaporizhzhia region. <https://u-news.com.ua/172364-v-okupovanomu-berdiansku-znyschchyl-organizatora-kativni.html>. The car belonged to Ananievsky Yevhen Oleksandrovykh, Meta reports. Ananievsky is one of the organizers of **torture camps** on the territory of Berdyansk correctional colony No. 77, where he held his occupation position. As a result of the explosion, Yevhen Ananievsky, who was involved in the torture of Ukrainian prisoners, was eliminated.

A priest in the Kyiv region allowed the occupiers to set up a torture chamber for Myroslav BZIKADZE in the basement of the church. July 7, 12:30 2023 <https://bykvu.com.ua/bukvy/dopomahav-rosiiianam-pid-chas-okupatsii-vidkryto-kryminalne-provazhennia-shchodo-nastoiatelia-khramu-upts-mp-na-kyivshchyni/>.

However, among these linguistic units, the word torture is marked by the activity of a wide palette of functional possibilities of the nomination of informative content, as evidenced by numerous reports of torture in various occupied territories and beyond:

In Ukraine, a large-scale system of torture of prisoners in colonies was exposed - shocking details, News, Crime 29.05.2024 <https://glavpost.ua/news/v-ukraini-vikrili-masshtabnu-sistemu-katuvannya-v-yazniv-u-koloniakh-shokuvalni-podr>.

A resident of Turkmenistan, who boasted about the torture of Ukrainians, paid for it in his homeland. Liliya Ragutska 05/18/2024 <https://war.obozrevatel.com/ukr/meshkanets-turkmenistanu-yakij-hvalivsya-katuvannyami-ukraintsiv-poplatisysya-na-batkivschini-foto.htm>.

A citizen of Turkmenistan, Serhiy Grigoryan, fought against Ukraine on the side of Russia from the fall of 2022 to the summer of 2023. During this time, he earned money for a one-room apartment, which his mother bought in Turmenbashi with the money sent by the criminal. However, the occupier, who boasted about the torture of Ukrainians, did not have long to enjoy his new home: he was forced to sell the apartment so as not to go to jail for mercenary service. The epic story, told by Turkmen.News, was brought to the attention of blogger Necro Mancer. The Crimean Tatar said that he himself was in Russian captivity for about seven months, in particular in Olenivka, where the Russians blew up a barrack in which 53 prisoners of war died. According to Asan Isenadzhiev, he was lucky to survive, and was later exchanged. As the serviceman says, every day in captivity is "hell", and some of his comrades have been in Russian captivity for more than 700 days. The prisoners are subjected to psychological pressure, hunger, torture, abuse and are without proper medical care. Comments Ukraine.

The village headman in Luhansk region told how the Russians torture those who disagree with the occupation, News, Crime 10/16/2023 <https://glavpost.ua/news/starosta-selana-luganshchini-rozpovila-yak-rosiyani-katuyut-nezgodnikh-iz-okupatsieyu>.

Among the Ukrainian continent, there are also homegrown werewolves who have not lost their skills in torture: They were beaten and starved for a week: military enlistment office employees tortured a man. Gazeta.ua Wednesday, September 20, 2023 12:29 https://gazeta.ua/articles/np/_tizhden-bili-i-morili-golodom-pracivniki-vijskkomatu-katuvale-cholovika/1158344.

The Russians kidnapped and tortured a Crimean Tatar activist. Pustiva Valentina June 12, 2023, 15:29 <https://ua.korrespondent.net/ukraine/4597554-rosiiany-vykraly-i-katuvale-krymskotatarskoho-aktyvista>

The Russian Federation is holding Ukrainian civilians hostage and torturing them: OSCE Mission report. Marina Berest <https://meta.ua/uk/news/society/154253-rf-trimatsivilnih-ukrayintsiv-u-zaruchnikah-ta-katue-yih-zvit-misiyi-obse/> Суспільство 11:21 - April 26, 2024. The number of Ukrainian civilians that Russia is holding hostage can be measured in thousands, although the exact number cannot be established.

The Russian Federation tortured Ukrainians to death: the UN made a statement. | Comments Ukraine 09/26/2023. https://society.comments.ua/ua/news/warrussia/rf-katuvale-ukrajinciv-do-smerti-v-oon-zrobili-zayavu-718563.html?utm_source=iaa. The UN confirmed that Russia used torture methods in the occupied parts of Ukraine that were so cruel that they caused the death of some Ukrainian prisoners. According to the portal "Comments", this statement was made by the head of the Commission for the Investigation of the Situation in Ukraine, Eric Mose, writes "Sky News".

More than 90% were tortured: what is the condition of 230 Ukrainians who returned from Russian captivity Yulia Shevchenko 01/05/2024 <https://focus.ua/uk/voennye-novosti/617850-ponad-90-zaznali-katuvan-yakiy-stan-230-ukrajinciv-yaki-povernulisya-z-rosiyskogo-polonu>.

Former Berkut officer sentenced to 6 years in prison for torturing protesters during Maidan. 12/21/2023 <https://espreso.tv/kolishnogo-berkutivtsya-zasudili-do-6-rokiv-pozbavleniya-voli-za-katuvannya-protestuvalnikov-pid-chas-maydanu>. This was reported by the Prosecutor General's Office.

Russian oppositionist Alexei Navalny told about his prison life and about the new torture method that was invented for him. 12/18/2023. The PACE approved a report and resolution on Russian oppositionist Alexei Navalny. The document included information about the poisoning of the politician, in which the Russian government was involved, and not a "serious illness".

The identity of the Russian occupier was identified who tortured a resident of the Kyiv region. UA.NEWS December 12, 2023 15:56. <https://ua.news.ua/war-vs-rf/vstanovlena-osoba-rosiyskogo-okupanta-yakij-katuvav-meshkantsya-kyiyvshhyny>. They did not give them food and drink, they gave them electric shocks on their genitals: a Russian and a collaborator tortured Kherson residents. Ukr. pravda 12.12.2023. <https://www.pravda.com.ua/news/2023/12/12/7432715/>. Ukrainian law enforcement officers have identified the Russian National Guardsman and a collaborator from Oleshki, who were among the occupiers who brutally tortured at least 90 Ukrainians in a pre-trial detention center in Kherson.

Militants in Donbas kidnapped a person and tortured him in his office (Ukrainian Radio, 12/30/2018), etc. To the above far incomplete illustrative material, it is worth adding that primordial aspiration of world humanity, expressed by Yu. Shevelev: "Let's think: the fascists

tortured their enemies, and the imperial communists killed and tortured people because they loved their land, wanted to see their Ukraine free and independent, because they had intelligence and knew how to think. Will the judgment come on the peoples who are responsible for the bloody crimes of the fratricidal war of 1917-1920, the famines of 1922, 1933, 1947, the mass repressions of the 30s and 40s, the Stalin-Beria camps of the 50s" [9, 5] plus the modern criminal actions of Putin's horde in the occupied territories of Ukraine in 2014-2024.

Conclusions. From the perspective of the long historical continuity of Ukraine's stay under the watchful eye of the voracious great-power Moscow executioners, torture chambers, and torture from Ivan the Terrible to our times remain the main foundation for the development of an empire of world evil, which zealously watches and "looks with an insatiable eye over the edge of the world to see if there is a country to conquer," applying criminal occupation methods of robbery, deportation, imprisonment of dissidents, torture and mass physical destruction of freedom-loving Ukrainians (Zaporizhzhya Sich, Baturyn, famines, gulags, etc.), destruction of monuments of spiritual culture and natural resources (Chernobyl HPP, Zaporizhzhia HPP, Kakhovka Reservoir, Kakhovka HPP, mined agricultural lands, forests, etc.), destruction of power lines, water supply, gas storage facilities, important facilities of the Ukrainian energy system, residential buildings, etc. masses of the civilian population, vehicles for individual and public use. All this is a clearly planned genocide of the freedom-loving Ukrainian people, who for the fourth century (1654-2024) have been waging a fierce struggle at the cost of their lives for the gained independence not only of their Motherland, but also of the world democratic community, which is now awakening from a lethargic sleep, realizing the criminal essence of Putin's ideology in the Russian Federation and beyond. But despite everything, Ukraine is waging a holy battle with insidious and ferocious racism. It is fighting victoriously and stubbornly, bringing closer the long-awaited Victory Day, which will open the way for Ukraine to join the EU and the UN.

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ABSTRACT

The article highlights the lexical and semantic features of words related to the perpetrators, institutions and methods of torture during the Russian-Ukrainian war of 2014-2024. The criminal actions of both local collaborators, traitors and occupiers in the development of torture rooms and methods of torture are exposed. The fluid continuity of this layer of words as a word-forming and figurative artistic means in the creative heritage of Ukrainian poets of the 19th-21st centuries is revealed. Such cruel occupation methods of Putin's ideology, as well as the centuries-old oppression of the Russian Empire against the Ukrainian people, are a genocide of a freedom-loving nation, which is currently waging a fierce struggle for the independence of the democratic system not only of Ukraine, but also of world civilization.

Keywords: *executioner, torture room, torture, collaborators, traitors, Ukrainian territories occupied by the Russian Federation, torture methods, word-forming features of torture vocabulary, genocide.*

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METHODS OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OF THE PROCESS OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT SPECIALTIES

Ірина Царьова. МЕТОДИ ЦИФРОВОЇ ТРАНСФОРМАЦІЇ ПРОЦЕСУ НАВЧАННЯ ІНОЗЕМНИХ МОВ ДЛЯ СПЕЦІАЛЬНОСТЕЙ ПРАВООХОРОННОЇ ДІЯЛЬНОСТІ. Розглянуто сучасні методи цифрової трансформації у викладанні іноземних мов для спеціальностей правоохоронної діяльності. Проаналізовано особливості використання цифрових платформ, мобільних додатків, інтерактивних методів та штучного інтелекту в освітньому процесі. Виокремлено практичні рекомендації щодо ефективного впровадження технологій для підвищення рівня володіння іноземною мовою. Визначено можливості Moodle, MIA: Освіта для створення внутрішніх навчальних курсів для закладів вищої освіти.

Наголошено, що симуляційні тренінги з відтворенням реальних ситуацій (як-от переговори з іноземними колегами або свідками), що використовуються в поліцейській діяльності, є ефективними для тренування розмовної мови. Зауважено, що процес цифрової трансформації освіти в закладах вищої освіти МВС України – це системне оновлення мети й змісту навчання,

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