

The circumstances identified by us give us the opportunity to think about further improving the provision of forensic equipment and recommendations for improving the activities of law enforcement in the modern conditions of combating illegal activities.

Thus, we can conclude that the role and importance of criminology are no less important than all others among other sciences, because thanks to this relevant knowledge, skills improvement improves and increases the efficiency of law enforcement, and it becomes easier to investigate and establish all the circumstances. committed criminal offense and assessment of the actions of each of its participants. Advances in science and technology, analysis of ways of committing criminal offenses, proper assessment and taking measures to overcome the opposition to pre-trial investigation require constant improvement and implementation in practice.

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TO THE QUESTION OF RESEARCH OF AUTOLOGUE

In recent years, expert investigative practice has shown a large number of decisions for conducting a study of signatures, which were allegedly made in a

special environment, which makes it relevant to consider the topic of auto-forgery.

The disclosure and investigation of certain crimes is impossible without the appointment and conduct of a forensic handwriting examination. Often, the investigator is interested in identification issues, such as identifying the performer of the alphabetic, digital text, the corresponding signature. The signature is one of the most common objects of research, due to the widespread use of computer technology, and at the same time, it is the most difficult object of research, given its limited graphic volume and a variety of forgery methods [1]. In recent years, expert investigative practice has shown a large number of decisions for conducting a study of signatures, which were allegedly made in a special environment, which makes it relevant to consider the topic of auto-forgery [2].

Scientists note the difficulties in the study of these signatures. Firstly, the signature is an object that includes a small amount of graphic information, as a result of this, consideration of this issue is complicated by the lack of useful, beneficial information. Secondly, there is the influence of a confusing factor on the writing process, therefore, an abbreviated comparison of the material with the alternate study of the object appears. Thirdly, the indicated category of signatures is rather difficult to distinguish from signatures that are performed due to imitation of signatures of unauthorized persons "by eye", since in the indicated groups of signatures false diagnostic information appears [2].

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Experts also note changes in general signs, including a decrease in the degree of depletion and, as a result, a decrease in coordination of movements, a pace of execution, an increase in the size and acceleration of the signature.

The comparative material is presented to the expert to the extent that would allow a comprehensive analysis of the features contained in the compared manuscripts. Since a different number of samples is required in each case, it is difficult to give uniform and accurate recommendations for all types of handwriting examination [4].

Thus, the study of auto-forgery presents certain difficulties, given the manifestation of a complex of signs indicating the execution of signatures by other persons (by eye, visually observing a controversial signature, etc.). However, you should consider the ways of performing from full to partial

signature changes. Awareness of the pre-trial investigation authorities regarding the methods and signs of deliberate distortion of the signatures of offenders, will make it possible to prepare expert examination materials in a high-quality manner and obtain an expert opinion in a timely manner.

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**КРИМІНАЛЬНА ВІДПОВІДАЛЬНІСТЬ ЗА НЕНАДАННЯ
ДОМЕДИЧНОЇ ДОПОМОГИ ЧИ ЗАЛИШЕННЯ ПОТЕРПІЛОГО У
НЕБЕЗПЕЧНОМУ ДЛЯ ЖИТТІ СТАНІ**

Перевіряючи статистичні дані щодо смертності осіб, які отримали серйозні травми було встановлено, що близько 130-135 на 100 тисяч осіб помирають внаслідок несвоєчасної чи неправильної домедичної допомоги.